

| Variable name | Definition |
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| Survey data | |
| id | The individual ID |
| scenario | The choice scenario (1-8) |
| _j | Choice set number (1-16) |
| group | Identifies each unique scenario/ID group (group variable for Stata's clogit) |
| start | Date/time survey started |
| finish | Date/time survey submitted |
| condition | = 1 if assigned to treatment 1, = 2 if assigned to treatment 2 |
| block | = 'A' if randomly assigned to block A choice set, = 'B' if randomly assigned to block B choice set |
| time | Survey completion time (minutes) |
| ltime | Natural log of <i>time</i> |
| Main data – DCE choice data | |
| choice | = 1 if the option was chosen, = 0 otherwise |
| price | The premium (\$/month) for the policy option |
| E1 | = 1 if 'low inclusions', = 0 otherwise (T2_data only, see Note A) |
| E2 | = 1 if 'medium inclusions', = 0 otherwise (T2_data only, see Note A) |
| E3 | = 1 if 'high inclusions', = 0 otherwise (T2_data only, see Note A) |
| excess | = 1 if excess is \$250, = 0 if excess is \$500 (T2_data only) |
| hosp_serv | = 1 if 9/10 hospital services receive benefits, = 0 if 8/10 hospital services receive benefits (T2_data only). |
| anc_copay | = 1 if insurer's co-payment for ancillaries is 70%, = 0 if insurer's co-payment for ancillaries is 60% |
| dental | = 1 if cap on general dental expenses is \$700, = 1 if cap on general dental expenses is \$350 |
| optical | = 1 if cap on optical expenses is \$300, = 1 if cap on optical expenses is \$150 |
| P1 | = 1 if cap on physical health services is \$0, 0 otherwise |
| P2 | = 1 if cap on physical health services is \$150, 0 otherwise |
| P3 | = 1 if cap on physical health services is \$300, 0 otherwise |
| natur | = 1 if cap on natural therapies is \$100, = 0 if cap on natural therapies if \$0 |
| massage | = 1 if cap on massage therapy is \$100, = 0 if cap on massage therapy if \$0 |
| policy_A | = 1 if the option was presented as Policy A, = 0 if the option was presented as Policy B |
| dominated | = 1 if option is financially dominated by alternative option (see Section 4.2) |
| lowest_price | = 1 if option has the lowest price in the choice set, = 0 if highest price in the choice set (missing = equal prices) |
| high_dental | = 1 if option has the highest dental coverage in the choice set, = 0 if lowest dental coverage in the choice set (missing = equal coverage) |
| high_optical | = 1 if option has the highest optical coverage in the choice set, = 0 if lowest optical coverage in the choice set (missing = equal coverage) |
| high_physical | = 1 if option has the highest physical health services coverage in the choice set, = 0 if lowest physical health services coverage in the choice set (missing = equal coverage) |
| high_copay | = 1 if option has the highest insurer copay in the choice set, = 0 if the lowest copay in the choice set (missing = equal copay) |
| high_natur | = 1 if option has the highest natural therapies coverage in the choice set, = 0 if lowest natural therapies coverage in the choice set (missing = equal coverage) |
| high_massage | = 1 if option has the highest massage therapy coverage in the choice set, = 0 if lowest massage therapy coverage in the choice set (missing = equal coverage) |
| high_price | = 1 if option has the highest price in the choice set, = 0 if lowest price in the choice set (missing = equal prices) |

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| high_inclusions | = 1 if option has the highest hospital service inclusions in the choice set, = 0 if lowest hospital service inclusions in the choice set (missing = equal coverage) (T2_data.dta only) |
| low_excess | = 1 if option has the lowest excess in the choice set, = 0 if highest excess in the choice set (missing = equal coverage) (T2_data.dta only) |
| high_hospserv | = 1 if option has the highest services coverage in the choice set, = 0 if lowest hospital services coverage in the choice set (missing = equal coverage) (T2_data.dta only) |
| Demographics | |
| age | Age in years |
| age1 | Aged 25-34 years |
| age2 | Aged 35-44 years |
| age3 | Aged 45-54 years |
| age4 | Aged 55-64 years |
| sex | = 1 if male, = 0 if female |
| nochild | How many dependent children do you have? A dependent child is classified as a child aged under 18 years (or under 24 years if studying full-time) who relies on you for maintenance. |
| employ_1 | At any time at all during the last 7 days, did you do any work in a job, business or farm? (1 = yes, 0 = no) |
| employ_2 | Did you have a job, business or farm, but did not work during the last 7 days because of holidays, sickness or any other reason (such as maternity leave or on workers compensation)? (1 = yes, 0 = no) |
| employed | = 1 if <i>employ_1</i> = 1 or <i>employ_2</i> = 1, = 0 otherwise |
| city | Do you live in one of the following major cities: Sydney, Melbourne, Brisbane, Adelaide, Perth, Canberra? (1 = yes, 0 = no) |
| hhincome | Which of the following categories describes your total household income from all sources for the previous 12 months before tax and other deductions? Remember that all information will remain confidential and will never be used to identify you. (See Note B) |
| inc_less60 | If <i>hhincome</i> < 7 then = 1, otherwise = 0 (i.e. household income < \$60,000) |
| inc_less60to125 | If <i>hhincome</i> > 6 & <i>hhincome</i> < 10 then = 1, otherwise = 0 (i.e. household income between \$60,000 and \$124,999) |
| inc_125plus | If <i>hhincome</i> > 9 & <i>hhincome</i> ≠ 13 then = 1, otherwise = 0 (i.e. household income > \$124,999) |
| inc_miss | If <i>hhincome</i> = 13 then = 1, 0 otherwise (i.e. household income 'unsure') |
| occupation | What category best describes your main occupation? (See Note C) |
| state | What State or Territory do you currently live in? (New South Wales = 1, Victoria = 2, Queensland = 3, Western Australia = 4, South Australia = 5, Tasmania = 6, Australian Capital Territory = 7, Northern Territory = 8) |
| Education: From the options below, what is the highest level of education you have achieved? | |
| year11 | Year 11 or below |
| year12 | Year 12 or equivalent |
| cert | Certificate / Trade certificate |
| diploma | Diploma / Advanced diploma |
| university | Graduate degree / Post-graduate degree |
| Marital status: Please indicate which of the following best describes your current relationship status. | |
| single | Single |
| married | Married = 1, otherwise = 0 |
| de facto | De-facto = 1, otherwise = 0 |
| widowed | Widowed = 1, otherwise = 0 |
| separated | Separated = 1, otherwise = 0 |
| couple | Married+de facto |

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| Life satisfaction questions: <i>How satisfied are you with: (1= very dissatisfied, 2= dissatisfied, 3=neutral, 4=satisfied, 5=very satisfied).</i> | |
| life_sat | Your life overall? |
| neighbour_sat | The neighbourhood in which you live? |
| fin_sat | Your financial situation? |
| filter | This is an attention filter. Please select 'Dissatisfied'. <i>*Note that people who did not select dissatisfied were ejected and their information wasn't stored.</i> |
| Risk preferences | |
| riskav | Imagine that you are asked to participate in the following game. A coin is tossed and if it lands heads, you get payoff A, if it lands tails, you get payoff B. The coin is fair so that the probability of heads/tails is 50%. From the five gambles below, which option would you choose? (*see details at Note D). |
| sa_risk1 | Which of the following statements comes closest to describing the amount of financial risk that you are willing to take with your spare cash? That is, cash used for savings or investment. (see Note E) |
| sa_risk2 | Assume you had some spare cash that could be used for savings or investment. Which of the following statements comes closest to describing the amount of financial risk that you would be willing to take with this money? (See Note E) |
| sa_riskav | = <i>sa_risk1</i> if <i>sa_risk1</i> ≠ 5 (i.e. has spare cash). Otherwise, = <i>sa_risk2</i> (i.e. if doesn't have spare cash) |
| Health insurance comprehension | |
| phi_lit1 | Which of the following correctly defines a co-payment in the context of insurance? (See Note F) |
| phi_lit2 | Which of the following correctly defines a deductible (excess) in the context of insurance? (See Note F) |
| phi_lit3_attempt | = 2 if attempted to answer <i>phi_lit3_text</i> . = 1 if "I don't know". |
| phi_lit3_text | If the chance of getting a disease is 10 percent, how many people out of 1,000 would be expected to get the disease? |
| phi_litQ1 | If answered <i>phi_lit1</i> correctly then = 1, if answered incorrectly = 0 |
| phi_litQ2 | If answered <i>phi_lit2</i> correctly then = 1, if answered incorrectly = 0 |
| phi_litQ3 | If answered <i>phi_lit3_text</i> correctly then = 1, if answered incorrectly = 0 |
| phi_litALL | If answered <i>phi_lit1</i> & <i>phi_lit2</i> & <i>phi_lit3_text</i> correctly = 1, otherwise = 0 |
| Health and private health insurance | |
| excell | How would you rate your current health? (Excellent = 1, otherwise = 0) |
| vgood | How would you rate your current health? (Very good = 1, otherwise = 0) |
| good | How would you rate your current health? (Good = 1, otherwise = 0) |
| fair | How would you rate your current health? (Fair = 1, otherwise = 0) |
| poor | How would you rate your current health? (Poor = 1, otherwise = 0) |
| no_phi | Which of the following describes your current private health insurance status? (I don't have private health insurance = 1, otherwise = 0) |
| phi_hosponly | Which of the following describes your current private health insurance status? (I have insurance for hospital treatment only = 1, otherwise = 0) |
| phi_anconly | Which of the following describes your current private health insurance status? (I have insurance for ancillaries (extras) only = 1, otherwise = 0) |
| phi_combine | Which of the following describes your current private health insurance status? (I have combined hospital and ancillaries (extras) insurance= 1, otherwise = 0) |
| glasses | Do you currently wear glasses or contact lenses to correct, or partially correct, eyesight? (1 = yes, 0 = no) |
| Health care utilisation: <i>Did you visit any of these health care providers in the last 12 months? Please indicate how many visits you had with each provider.</i> | |
| hosp_visits | Hospital |
| dentist_visits | Dentist |

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| optom_visits | Optometrist |
| physio_visits | Physiotherapist |
| chiro_visits | Chiropractor |
| osteo_visits | Osteopath |
| accup_visits | Acupuncturist |
| naturu_visits | Natural therapist |
| massage_visits | Massage therapist |
| physical_visits | $physio_visits + chiro_visits + osteo_visits + accup_visits$ |
| d_visit | If $dentist_visits > 0$ then = 1, otherwise = 0 |
| o_visit | If $optom_visits > 0$ then = 1, otherwise = 0 |
| p_visit | If $physical_visits > 0$ then = 1, otherwise = 0 |
| n_visit | If $naturu_visits > 0$ then = 1, otherwise = 0 |
| m_visit | If $massage_visits > 0$ then = 1, otherwise = 0 |
| h_visit | If $hosp_visits > 0$ then = 1, otherwise = 0 |
| Health care risk: For each health service below, use the slider to indicate how likely (from 0% to 100%) you are to visit this type of health care provider in the next 12 months. | |
| hosp_likely | Hospital |
| dentist_likely | Dentist |
| optom_likely | Optometrist |
| physical_likely | Physiotherapist; Chiropractor; Osteopath; or Acupuncturist |
| naturu_likely | Natural therapist |
| massage_likely | Massage therapist |
| exp_dental_visits | How many dental visits do you think you are likely to make in the next 12 months? (0 visits = 1, 1 visit = 2, 2 visits = 3, More than 2 visits = 4) |
| toothaches | How often do you experience toothaches? (very often = 1, often = 2, sometimes = 3, hardly ever = 4, never = 5) |
| glasses_likely | How likely are you to purchase new glasses/contact lenses in the next 12 months? (0-100 probability scale) |
| Expected health care costs | |
| dental_cost | Estimated dental expenses based on previous 12 months dentist visits (see Appendix B) |
| glasses_cost | If you had to replace your corrective eye wear tomorrow, how much would you expect to pay (ignoring any reimbursements you might receive from your private health insurer)? |
| glasses_cost2 | Estimated expenditure on glasses based on expected replacement cost and probability of replacement (see Appendix B) |
| accup_cost | Estimated acupuncture expenses based on previous 12 months acupuncturist visits (see Appendix B) |
| chiro_cost | Estimated chiropractic expenses based on previous 12 months chiropractor visits (see Appendix B) |
| osteo_cost | Estimated osteopath expenses based on previous 12 months osteopath visits (see Appendix B) |
| physio_cost | Estimated physiotherapy expenses based on previous 12 months physiotherapist visits (see Appendix B) |
| physical_cost | $accup_cost + chiro_cost + osteo_cost + physio_cost$ |
| naturu_cost | Estimated natural therapies expenses based on previous 12 months natural therapist visits (see Appendix B) |
| massage_cost | Estimated massage therapies expenses based on previous 12 months massage therapist visits (see Appendix B) |
| Other | |
| difficulty | How difficult did you find it to decide the best policy for yourself in the choice tasks you just completed? (1 = very difficult, 2 = difficult, 3 = somewhat difficult, 4 = neutral, 5 = somewhat easy, 6 = easy, 7 = very easy) |

Notes

Note A: Low inclusions are palliative care, psychiatric and rehabilitation. Medium inclusions are low inclusions plus cataract and eye lens procedures, gastric banding and related services and sterilisation. High inclusions are medium inclusions plus cardiac and cardiac related services and hospital treatment for which Medicare pays no benefit (e.g. cosmetic surgery).

Note B: The household income categories are as follows:

- \$0-\$9,999 (= 1)
- \$10,000-\$19,999 (= 2)
- \$20,000-\$29,999 (= 3)
- \$30,000-\$39,999 (= 4)
- \$40,000-\$49,999 (= 5)
- \$50,000-\$59,999 (= 6)
- \$60,000-\$79,999 (= 7)
- \$80,000-\$99,999 (= 8)
- \$100,000-\$124,999 (= 9)
- \$125,000-\$149,999 (= 10)
- \$150,000-\$199,999 (= 11)
- \$200,000 or more (= 12)
- Unsure (= 13)

Note C: Occupation categories are:

- Manager (= 1)
- Professional (= 2)
- Technician or trade worker (= 3)
- Community or personal service worker (= 4)
- Clerical or administrative worker (= 5)
- Sales worker (= 6)
- Machinery operator or driver (= 7)
- Labourer (= 8)
- Unsure (= 9)

Note D: this is an Eckel and Grossman (2002) risk elicitation task. The choices/payoffs are:

- Heads you get \$10, tails you get \$10 (= 1)
- Heads you get \$18, tails you get \$6 (= 2)
- Heads you get \$26, tails you get \$2 (= 3)
- Heads you get \$34, tails you get \$-2 (= 4)
- Heads you get \$42, tails you get \$-6 (= 5)

Eckel and Grossman (2002), Sex differences and statistical stereotyping in attitudes towards financial risk, *Evolution & Human Behavior*, 23(4), pp. 281-295.

Note E: This question is identical to one asked in the Household Income and Labour Dynamics in Australia (HILDA) survey. The four possible responses for sa_risk1 are:

- I take substantial financial risks expecting to earn substantial returns (= 1)
- I take above-average financial risks expecting to earn above average returns (= 2)
- I take average financial risks expecting to earn average returns (= 3)
- I am not willing to take any financial risks (= 4)

- I never have any spare cash (= 5)

For people who answer they “never have any spare cash”, they are asked “Assume you had some spare cash that could be used for savings or investment. Which of the following statements comes closest to describing the amount of financial risk that you would be willing to take with this money?” (sa_risk2). For this question, the option “I never have any spare cash” is dropped.

Note F: The health insurance comprehension multiple choice questions are below. For the variables phi_lit1 and phi_lit2 the values are : a = 1, b = 2, c = 3, d = 4, e = 5.

- 1) Which of the following correctly identifies a co-payment in the context of insurance?
 - a. The amount that must be paid by the claimant before the insurer begins to cover any costs.
 - b. A contribution that the claimant pays for each service claimed (correct answer).
 - c. A refund paid back to the insurance holder when no claims are made during a specified period.
 - d. A claim threshold above which the insurer stops paying benefits to the claimant.
 - e. I don't know.
- 2) Which of the following correctly defines a deductible (excess) in the context of insurance?
 - a. The amount that must be paid by the claimant before the insurer begins to cover any costs (correct answer).
 - b. A contribution that the claimant pays for each service claimed (answer).
 - c. A refund paid back to the insurance holder when no claims are made during a specified period.
 - d. A claim threshold above which the insurer stops paying benefits to the claimant.
 - e. I don't know.